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#### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a method for organizing the alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of <del>potentially</del> similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) updating a minimum threshold similarity requirement for one or more of the potentially similar features;
- (d) updating a similarity expectation for one or more of the <del>potentially</del> similar features;
  - (e) comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and either:
- (f1) associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (f2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step (a1) of passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 3. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a method for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature:
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts:

- (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value;
- (e) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (f1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (f2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 4. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors, each of which generates alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a method for organizing the alerts comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving an alert;
- (b) identifying a set of features that may be shared by the received alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) setting a minimum similarity value for one or more features or feature groups; comparing the new alert to one or more of the alert classes, and either:
- (d1) defining a new alert class that is associated with the received alert if any feature or feature group that has a minimum similarity value fails to meet or exceed its minimum similarity value; or
- (d2) associating the received alert with the existing alert class that the received alert most closely matches.

- 5. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a\_method for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (c) updating a minimum similarity requirement for one or more features;
  - (d) comparing the new alert with one or more alert classes, and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 6. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a\_method for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts;
  - (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value, and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts that are generated by a plurality of sensors into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, where the

program performs the steps of:

- (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) updating a minimum threshold similarity requirement for one or more of the potentially similar features;
- (d) updating a similarity expectation for one or more of the <del>potentially</del> similar features;
- (e) comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and either:
- (f1) associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (f2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 7 further comprising the step (a1) of passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts that are generated by a plurality of sensors and have a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, where the program performs the steps of:
- (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts;

- (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value;
- (e) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (f1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (f2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts generated by a plurality of sensors, where the program performs the steps of:
  - (a) receiving an alert;
- (b) identifying a set of features that may be shared by the received alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) setting a minimum similarity value for one or more features or feature groups; comparing the new alert to one or more of the alert classes, and either:
- (d1) defining a new alert class that is associated with the received alert if any feature or feature group that has a minimum similarity value fails to meet or exceed its minimum similarity value; or
- (d2) associating the received alert with the existing alert class that the received alert most closely matches.
- 11. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts generated by a plurality of sensors into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, where the program performs the steps:
  - (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (c) updating a minimum similarity requirement for one or more features;
  - (d) comparing the new alert with one or more alert classes, and either:
  - (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most

closely matches; or

- (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts generated by a plurality of sensors and having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, where the program performs the steps of:
- (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts;
  - (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value, and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 13. (Currently Amended) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a system for organizing the alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, where the system comprises:
  - (a) means for receiving a new alert;
- (b) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) means for updating a minimum threshold similarity requirement for one or more of the potentially similar features;
- (d) means for updating a similarity expectation for one or more of the potentially similar features;
- (e) means for comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and
- (f1) means for associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that

is associated with the new alert.

- 14. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 13 further comprising (a1) means for passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 15. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a system for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the system comprising:
- (a) means for generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature;
- (b) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts:
  - (c) means for comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) means for rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value;
- (e) means for adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match; and
- (f1) means for associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 16. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors, each of which generates alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a system for organizing the alerts, the system comprising:
  - (a) means for receiving an alert;
- (b) means for identifying a set of features that may be shared by the received alert and one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) means for setting a minimum similarity value for one or more features or feature groups; comparing the new alert to one or more of the alert classes; and
  - (d1) means for defining a new alert class that is associated with the received

alert if any feature or feature group that has a minimum similarity value fails to meet or exceed its minimum similarity value, or associating the received alert with the existing alert class that the received alert most closely matches.

- 17. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a system for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, the system comprising:
  - (a) means for receiving a new alert;
- (b) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes:
  - (c) means for updating a minimum similarity requirement for one or more features;
  - (d) means for comparing the new alert with one or more alert classes; and
- (e1) means for associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 18. (Withdrawn) In an intrusion detection system that includes a plurality of sensors that generate alerts when attacks or anomalous incidents are detected, a system for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the system comprising:
- (a) means for generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding feature;
- (b) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts;
  - (c) means for comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes:
- (d) means for rejecting a match if any feature for which a minimum similarity value has been set fails to meet or exceed the minimum similarity value; and
- (e1) means for associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.

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- 19. (Withdrawn) A method for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by a new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (b) comparing the new alert to one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (d1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (d2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A method for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, each of the plurality of features having one or more values, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (c) updating a similarity expectation for one or more feature values;
- (d) comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20 further comprising the step (a1) of passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 22. (Withdrawn) A method for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record

including a list of observed values for its corresponding features;

- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts;
  - (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, where the program performs the steps of:
- (a) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by a new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (b) comparing the new alert to one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (d1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (d2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, each of the plurality of features having one or more values, where the program performs the steps of:
  - (a) receiving a new alert;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (c) updating a similarity expectation for one or more feature values;
  - (d) comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and

#### either:

- (e1) associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 24 further comprising the step (a1) of passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 26. (Withdrawn) A computer readable medium containing an executable program for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, where the program performs the steps of:
- (a) generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding features;
- (b) identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts:
  - (c) comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match, and either:
- (e1) associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches; or
  - (e2) defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A system for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and alert classes having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the system comprising:
- (a) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by a new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (b) means for comparing the new alert to one or more existing alert classes;
- (c) means for adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match; and

- (d1) means for associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 28. (Currently Amended) A system for organizing alerts into alert classes, both the alerts and the alert classes having a plurality of features, each of the plurality of features having one or more values, the system comprising:
  - (a) means for receiving a new alert;
- (b) means for identifying a set of <del>potentially</del> similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes;
  - (c) means for updating a similarity expectation for one or more feature values;
- (d) means for comparing the new alert with the one or more existing alert classes; and
- (e1) means for associating the new alert with a one of the one or more existing alert classes that the new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 28 further comprising (a1) means for passing each of the one or more existing alert classes through a transition model to generate a new prior belief state for each of the one or more existing alert classes.
- 30. (Withdrawn) A system for organizing alerts having a plurality of features, each feature having one or more values, the system comprising:
- (a) means for generating a group of feature records for a new alert, each feature record including a list of observed values for its corresponding features;
- (b) means for identifying a set of potentially similar features shared by the new alert and one or more existing alert classes that are associated with previous alerts:
  - (c) means for comparing the new alert to one or more alert classes;
- (d) means for adjusting the comparison by an expectation that certain feature values will or will not match; and
  - (e1) means for associating the new alert with the existing alert class that the

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new alert most closely matches, or defining a new alert class that is associated with the new alert.